

Measurement and modelling of greenhouse gas emissions in agricultural systems

Bob Rees, Bruce Ball, Kairsty Topp, Paul Hallett and Valentini Pappa

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What are Scotland's nitrous oxide emissions?

How can they be reduced?



Comparing greenhouse gas emissions



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N₂O flux measurements







Analysis by GC or photoacoustic analysers





Controls of nitrous oxide emissions





Flechard et al, Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment 121 (2007) 135–152

Management



- Nitrogen input
 - Form/rate
 - Timing
 - Inhibitors
- Soil and water management
 - Tillage
 - Irrigation/drainage
- Crop rotation/agronomy
 - System changes

N inputs and cumulative fluxes



(a) Total applied N + excretion total N, and (b) annual cumulative N_2O fluxes for the sites for 2006-07.

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Tillage under spring barley





James Hutton Institute

Nitrous oxide emission and trampling and nitrification inhibitor



Ball and Cameron, 2011

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Nitrous oxide emissions from intercrops





Pappa et al 2011, AEE



Variability in N₂O emissions between arable sites





Understanding landscapes







DNDC Modelling N₂O fluxes

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Field data is essential for model development and validation

K. Topp (SAC), S. Jones (SAC/CEH)

Validation of DNDC estimated annual N₂O fluxes



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Regional modelling



- Homogeneous Mapping Spatial Unit
 - Soil type
 - Slope
 - Land cover
 - Admin boundaries
 - Agronomic practices
 - Climate



Improving greenhouse gas accounting





 Develop smart accounting systems that better reflect management interventions and climate

Topp *et al*, 2010

Responses to climate change

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N2Oflux: probability that 2080s value will be above median baseline



Mitigation Abatement Cost Curves





Source: CCC modelling

Notes: N = Nitrogen, AD = anaerobic digestion

Measures do not appear in exact cost-effectiveness order due to interactions between options. More details and a full measures list is available in the accompanying technical papers.

Building a low-carbon economy – The UK's contribution to tackling climate change. 1st Report of the CCC, Dec, 2008

Carbon Management Centre



 To develop research education and advice on carbon management in the rural economy

SEVENTH FR

Contributing to SG policy led Centre
 of Expertise on Climate Change

ON AGRICULTURAL GREENHOUSE GAS

- National research programme to improve inventory reporting and mitigation
- Farming for a Better Climate
- International cooperation



RESEARCH

Conclusions



Good knowledge of

- Source processes
- Affects of individual driving variables
- Importance of climate and management
- The role of good management practice as a mitigation tool

Need more on

- Baseline emissions
- Interactions between
 management and climate
- Model validation and scaling
- Novel mitigation strategies: crop varieties and system design
- Farmer behaviour

Improving efficiency of resource use is central to reducing GHG emissions

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